



SATURDAY EVENING, JAN. 10, 1903.

IT IS SAID that Speaker Henderson may be rewarded for his favorable attitude on the question of trust legislation at the present session of Congress. Mr. Henderson has heretofore said that it was not possible to enact anti-trust law at the short session, and he had been listed with that clique of the republican members who do not favor any additional legislation on this subject at present, but it is now reported that he has yielded to Presidential pressure and that he will permit anti-trust legislation to come before the House for action at this session. It appears that Speaker Henderson can hope for little from Iowa republicans. At the same time the party at large recognizes his long service in Congress, and it is granted that the Administration would favor any movement to take care of him, now that he has lost his grip in his own district and is willing to do the bidding of the President.

REV. JENKIN LLOYD JONES, of the National Housewives Association yesterday, said: "The girl who reaches the age of twenty-five and can't bake a cake or pie or can't make a shirt waist or trim a hat is not a true woman—she is a sham—and her parents are responsible and ought to be punished for misdemeanor." There is much in this artificial age in the observation of the reverend gentleman. In the olden times it was looked upon as a reproach for a young girl to enter womanhood who was deficient in the culinary art, or who could not handle a needle. The same rule applied to males, and among the ancients it was a disgrace for a man—no matter how rich he might have been—to be unable to work at some trade. It is not so now. The young of both sexes enter the portals of life helpless and often remain dependent upon the labors and acquisitions of others as long as they live.

A WITNESS, gave damaging testimony against Richard Canfield's gambling game in New York before District Attorney Jerome's star chamber session on Thursday. He said that they worked a "brace" game at faro and that no player had a possible chance to beat the bank. Then the witness said: "I am sorry to admit it, being a gambler myself, but there isn't a house in this city that is not provided with crooked boxes and dealers who will brace a game at any time that a sucker presents himself, who is deemed to be an easy mark." Notwithstanding all of which the spirit of gaming which seems to possess the great majority of people will not be curbed in the least and the number of "easy marks" will not grow less.

THE RESIGNATION of Mr. Lanham, of Texas, who has been elected governor of Texas, has been laid before the House of Representatives, to take effect January 15. Mr. Lanham, it will be remembered, was the orator in this city on last Memorial Day and his beautiful tribute to the Confederate soldier and to the people of the South will long be remembered. He is one of the ablest members in his State's delegation and his wise counsel will be missed in the national halls of legislation. Those who best know him believe that he will make as wise and as able a governor as he has a representative in Congress.

REV. WILLIAM C. RICHARDSON, rector of St. James's Episcopal Church in Philadelphia, last Sunday denounced the vices of society, which, he said, threatened the institutions of the country. He said there was entirely too much smoking, drinking and gambling among girls in the best families. This is pretty rough on Philadelphia society and may possibly induce Mr. Watterson to divert his attention from Newport. Drinking by young women is always to be deplored, but when this is accompanied by smoking and gambling it is but natural to excite grave apprehension in any community.

CONGRESSMAN GLASS says that so far as he can learn every Virginia Congressman is satisfied with his district except Judge Rhea, and that he has himself received several letters from prominent men in the Ninth district protesting against any change, even so far as that district is concerned. But the Congressmen must recollect that the redistricting of the State rests entirely with the legislature, which is supposed to act in the matter in the interest of the State and not in the personal interests of her representatives in Congress.

THE SPIRIT of fraud seems to be rampant, and in many localities honor would seem to be almost extinct. Very recently it was published that at certain colleges in the north substitutes were hired by students to take their examinations, and in today's papers one reads that in Philadelphia it is suggested that photographs of students be attached to graduation papers to prevent such frauds. In the South the honor system prevails in

most of the colleges and a case of fraud in the examinations is seldom heard of in this section.

## FROM WASHINGTON.

(Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.)

Washington, D. C., January 10. The Littlefield "trust-busters" of the House committee on the judiciary held another meeting today. They would have been ready to report an anti-trust bill today if they had not been disconcerted by the unexpected action of Representative Jenkins, of Wisconsin, chairman of the committee on the judiciary, in introducing a two-trust bill bearing the official stamp of the administration. It was decided today that any appearance of antagonism to these administration measures must be avoided and that whatever action is taken shall be harmonious and the unanimous action of the committee. In order to carry out this policy, it was deemed advisable to side-track, for a time, at least, the bill already prepared by the committee, which lacked but the delicate finishing touches. It was agreed that the administration measures should be carefully considered and that any of its provisions not contained in the sub-committee bill should be embodied therein. There are said to be no wide or irreconcilable differences between the committee and the administration bill. If anything, the former goes a little farther than the latter in the matter of its publicity provisions. The republicans of the sub-committee—Messrs. Littlefield, of Maine; Overstreet, of Indiana, and Powers, of Vermont—declare that no jealousies exist and that the bill which will finally be reported to the full committee will be one fully acceptable to President Roosevelt and Attorney General Knox. In order to avoid the appearance of over-hasty action the sub-committee bill will not be reported to the full committee until next Friday. In the meantime, the work of harmonizing and assimilating will continue. Daily sessions of the sub-committee will be held.

Senator Morgan visited the State Department this morning for a talk with Secretary Hay upon the Isthmian Canal negotiations. Both parties to the conference declared that no new features had appeared and the discussion was without practical results.

Minister Bowen this morning called the State Department that he is to leave Caracas for the United States tomorrow (Sunday). He adds that the condition of food supply there has become extremely critical.

Senor Don Luis Felipe Carbo, the minister from Ecuador called at the White House this morning to hand his letter of recall to President Roosevelt. Senor Carbo's successor, Senor Alfredo Baquerizo, will be presented at the White House within a few days. President Roosevelt expressed to Senor Carbo his regret at his departure.

The anti-trust agitation has reached the committee rooms on the Senate side of the capital. At a meeting of the Senate committee on the judiciary this morning the general subject was taken up, discussion being particularly directed toward the Hoar bill and the Attorney General's letter making specific recommendations for legislation. A course of procedure for the presentation of the subject to the Senate will be mapped out.

The naval board of construction this morning recommended to the Secretary of the Navy that the contract for the building of the two armored cruisers Tennessee and Washington be awarded to William Cramp & Sons, of Philadelphia, under their bid of \$4,000,000, one vessel to be completed in 36 months and the other in 39 months. The secretary will approve the recommendation of the board.

Direct wireless communication between the United States and England will be established about the 18th of this month, and President Roosevelt will flash the first message across the great stretch of ether to King Edward. The President made this promise today to Major Flood Page, Mr. Marconi's representative, who called at the White House this morning.

Owing to the fact that all but four members of the 6th Artillery band, now on duty in the Philippines, have been replaced by native musicians, that command will probably never return to the United States as an organization. The 75 Filipino musicians in this band, who were recruited gradually as the American members' terms of enlistment expired, are reported to be delighted with their connection with the army.

The Navy Department has decided to enforce strictly hereafter the regulations against gambling on board army transports. This evil is reported to have increased of late until it has become a regular feature of life aboard the transports, especially on homeward trips from the Philippines. It is then that many soldiers have in their possession large sums of money. The latest incident to come to the attention of the authorities occurred on board the transport Thomas where a soldier claimed to have been literally fleeced out of \$1,600.

Neither branch of Congress was in session today and the crowd about the Capitol was by no means large.

The House committee on industrial arts exhibitions today held a hearing on the bill appropriating \$100,000 for a display at the St. Louis Exposition of the work of government agriculture experimental stations and agricultural colleges.

There are at least three members of the Virginia delegation in Congress who have their eyes on the chief magistracy of their native State. These are Glass, of Lynchburg; Jones, of Warsaw, and Swanson, of Chatham.

A recommendation is likely to be presented to Congress in the near future to provide for a Federal penitentiary for the District of Columbia. At present the prisoners of the district are boarded out at various prisons throughout the country.

In the House Mr. Rixey has presented a petition of the heir of Wm. A. Bowen, deceased, late of Fauquier county, Va., for reference of war claim to the Court of Claims; also a petition of W. L. Crittenden, trustee of Mount Holly Baptist Church, of Fauquier county, for reference of war claim to the Court of Claims. Mr. Hay has presented a petition of Mary A. Hedley, of Clark county, Va., for reference of war claim to the Court of Claims. Mr. Maynard has introduced a bill to compensate Caleb C. Willard for the demolition and removal of the Hyacinth Hotel property from the government reservation at Old Point, Virginia in the year 1882; also a bill to compensate H. C. Phobus for the demolition and removal of his property from the government reservation at Old Point to the committee on claims.

Statistics show that there were more suicides in Vienna last year than in any other European capital.

## NEWS OF THE DAY.

There is great opposition in Saxony to the aggressive tactics of the Standard Oil Company.

Alfred Beit, said to be the richest man in the world, is reported to be dying of apoplexy at Johannesburg, South Africa.

President Castro's latest answer on the subject of arbitration of the Venezuela dispute is considered in London to insure a settlement by that means.

It was decided at the Cabinet meeting yesterday that the resignation of Mrs. Cox, the colored postmistress at Indianola, Miss., should not be accepted.

Andrew Carnegie's offer of \$1,500,000 for the erection of 39 branch free libraries in Philadelphia has been accepted by the board of trustees of the Philadelphia Free Library.

It was private pension day in the House yesterday, and 144 bills were passed. Mr. Russell, of Texas, the successor of the late Mr. De Grafton, appeared in the role of a critic in the consideration of private pension legislation, and precipitated quite a debate. He called attention to the fact that since the civil war 10,000 special bills had been passed by Congress, over 1,000 of these in first session of the present Congress.

## VIRGINIA OFFICES.

At a Cabinet meeting yesterday the papers relating to several appointments were taken up, and it is understood that some appointments were determined upon, but no information concerning them was made public. Among these appointments are those of collector of customs and postmaster at Norfolk. The collectorship is especially sought by a number of candidates. George E. Bowen, republican national committee chairman of Virginia, has recommended Major R. G. Banks for the collectorship and Capt. H. B. Nichols for postmaster to succeed Col. J. R. Waddy, the incumbent. The two places are more or less involved. The President has not been following the recommendations of the Virginia organization as closely as he could, and it is not likely that he will follow the recommendations in both of these cases. Major Banks is opposed by a number of candidates, the strongest one at this time being Hugh Gordon Miller. Mr. Miller has never affiliated with the Virginia organization, but he has taken part in nearly every political campaign in the country for a number of years, speaking for the republican ticket. Because of his activity in this direction the President is disposed to name him for collector. The President is swimming between two conflicting parties. The republicans who actively aided Mr. Miller in his Congressional campaign, and among the Virginians who did duty in this line were Mr. Miller and Col. J. Hampton Hoge, who has also been suggested for collector. Colonel Hoge declares that he would not be a candidate for collector unless the Virginia organization sees fit to select him and recommend him. The chances strongly favor Mr. Miller for postmaster. For postmaster the situation is undecided, with a leaning to Postmaster Waddy, who has political supporters outside of his State.

## VENEZUELA.

The port of Tucacas was recaptured Thursday by forces of the Venezuelan government after a fight with the revolutionists of one hour's duration. Tucacas, which is about forty miles north-west of Puerto Cabello, has been occupied for the last four months by the revolutionists. It has lately been the point where much of the goods and ammunition smuggled over from the island of Caracas have been landed. The revolutionary force under Gen. Ramos, which was defeated last Sunday near Guatire, has dispersed. The march of the rebels upon Caracas, via Guatire, has been completely checked.

The government is most active in pursuing the rebels. Another engagement has taken place near Coro, and resulted in the rout of the enemy.

The statement that France, owing to the failure of the Venezuelan government to pay the installment of the claims due her, would probably join the other powers in blockading the coasts is not true. France will not at present participate in the blockade. It can be said with authority that the French colony at Caracas has asked the home government not to take aggressive action against Venezuela, satisfactory arrangements for the settlement of French claims being in progress.

As it will be impossible to have the documents setting forth the Venezuelan case ready for delivery to United States Minister Bowen before midnight of Saturday, Mr. Bowen will not leave Caracas for Washington before Sunday. He will sail from La Guayra on the Dolphin.

TO INVESTIGATE CONSPIRACY.—A special grand jury met in Chicago today to investigate the alleged conspiracy between certain coal operators, railroads and coal dealers to increase the price of coal on the Chicago market. Atty. Gen. Hamlin will lead the investigation. He took with him evidence which, he says, will show that a conspiracy exists, and the whole matter will be thoroughly investigated. A special committee composed of members of the Illinois Manufacturers and Merchants' Association, called upon State's Attorney Deneen, of Cook county, last Wednesday, regarding a special grand jury to probe the alleged combine. Mr. Deneen at once took the matter in hand and consulted Attorney General Hamlin by long distance telephone. Judge Hamlin, who for several days has been investigating affairs out of Springfield, assisted by a committee of four members, favored the plan, as he had secured a large amount of evidence to show that some deal had been planned by which the price of coal on the Chicago and other markets could be kept up.

ESCAPED FROM FATHER AND MARRIED.—W. I. Grimmer, formerly of Richmond, but now agent for the Atlantic Coast Line at Stony Creek, eloped Thursday night with the only daughter of James B. Brickle, a prominent man living nine miles from Weldon, N. C. Mr. Grimmer had been refused the house, and when he went Thursday night Mr. Brickle appeared at the front door, gun in hand, and threatened to shoot. Mr. Grimmer and his friend, B. A. Laurence, retired to a safe distance and waited for developments, already having the promise of the girl that she would go with him in spite of all opposition. Mr. Brickle stood guard, and finally locked his daughter in a room. He, however, finally went to sleep, and the young man slipped into the room, released the young lady, and at 8 o'clock yesterday morning the marriage took place.

## VIRGINIA NEWS.

The Orange Hotel and Mr. David Mary's residence at Orange were destroyed by fire Thursday night. Total loss about \$9,000. The hotel will be rebuilt by a joint stock company.

Mr. Lewis L. Layton, of Fredericksburg, has purchased of Maj. Thomas P. Wallace the old Albemarle Hotel, in Fredericksburg, which was conducted for so many years by the late Charles F. Barlow.

Mr. George P. Button, well-known in Virginia newspaper circles, last night fell down the steps of the Wall House, in Lynchburg where he boarded, and was almost instantly killed. He was 68 years old.

Lieut. Presley M. Rixey and Miss Lillian Stearns were married yesterday at the home of the bride, in Culpeper county. The groom is the son of Mr. C. J. Rixey, and a lieutenant of marines. The bride is the daughter of Mrs. Franklin Stearns, of Culpeper county.

Col. A. S. Thrasher, revenue agent for Virginia, who recently succeeded Col. C. H. Ingram, transferred to Louisville, has received an order from Internal Revenue Commissioner Yerkes directing the removal of the office of revenue agent from Richmond to Lynchburg by January 10.

Attorney Charles H. Ruth was acquitted of embezzlement in Newport News yesterday. Police Justice Brown ruled that not sufficient evidence was adduced to warrant sending the accused to the grand jury. Ruth paid the money to Mrs. Johnson in court, and introduced evidence to show that he had no idea of embezzling money.

Mrs. Bettie H. Maury, formerly of Richmond died in Washington on Thursday. She was the wife of Mr. William A. Maury and a sister of Col. R. L. Maury and Mrs. James B. Werth, of Richmond. She is survived by her husband and two children. She was the daughter of Capt. M. F. Maury, of the United States and Confederate navies. Mrs. Maury was born in Fredericksburg.

Republican National Committeeman Bowen has returned to Norfolk from Washington, and he declares that he is satisfied with the situation so far as the Virginia appointments are concerned. The Postmaster General is said to be favorable to Banks and Nichols, the organization's candidates for collector and postmaster, respectively. No appointment is expected before next week.

The Christmas german of the University of Virginia German Club, given last night in the gymnasium, proved to be one of the largest and most brilliant Christmas germen danced at the university in years. There was a large number of visiting young ladies from Washington, Baltimore, and Virginia cities. The figures were led by Brodie C. Nalle, of Culpeper, with Miss Anne Lee, daughter of Gen. Fitzhugh Lee, and Mr. Almond C. Elliot, of Wilmington, N. C., with Miss Mamie Russell, of Winchester.

DISASTROUS FIRE.—One of the most disastrous fires in the history of London, Ont., occurred last night in the immense plant of the McClary Manufacturing Company. A boy working in the stamping department dropped a burning match into a vat of oil, and with a report like a cannon the oil went up in a sheet of flame.

Like a flash it spread on the ceiling of the room on the first floor and the employees rushed from the building in a panic. In this portion of the works were located the stamping room, with 100 presses, the tinmith department, the japanning department, the artists' department and the wrapping rooms, where tinware is made ready for market. About 500 men, women and boys were in the building. There was a rush for the elevators and the stairs, and in a terrible crush a scorching and smoke-begrimed, they reached the street, but none seriously injured. The fire burned furiously for hours, the firemen being utterly unable to cope with it. When the first brigade arrived the hydrants were found to be frozen, and when the water was turned into the hose the pressure would not throw the streams 50 feet. The fire burned itself out.

THE COAL SUPPLY.—At the conclusion of yesterday's hearing before Senator Stewart's sub-committee of the Senate District of Columbia committee, which is investigating the local coal situation, Senator Foster, of Louisiana, made a statement of the conclusions that had been reached, based on the evidence submitted. "The investigation," said Senator Foster, "has developed the following facts: The cost of mining coal is practically the same it was before the strike. Transportation charges are the same. The Reading Company is placing coal in Washington at \$5.75 a ton and the Pennsylvania Company at \$6 a ton. Coal bought from independent operators costs \$10 a ton on the tracks in Washington. The independent companies are furnishing ten tons of coal to every one ton furnished by the railroad mines, where a year ago the ratio was reversed, the railroad mines furnishing ten tons to every one ton furnished by the independent operators. When we discover why this condition exists, we will have arrived at the root of the evil."

DEFIES THE PRESIDENT.—President Roosevelt has interfered in the Utah Senatorial situation to prevent the election of Apostle Reed Smoot. The apostle in Salt Lake City last night gave out a statement, declaring that he was still in the race, despite the attitude of the President. With their candidate bidding defiance and still in the race, his supporters have rallied around him, and there is every indication that he will be crowded through despite the opposition of the administration in Washington.

The warning of the President came in the form of an interview with Senator Thomas Kearns, of Utah, wired to Salt Lake yesterday. The President is reported to have said: "The election to the United States Senate of a Mormon apostle would work great harm to the state of Utah and would be very unwise."

Apostle Smoot, after reading this interview, said: "This is unprecedented. In any other State in the Union such action on the part of the President would be resented. I knew Kearns would go to any length to harm me."

"Little Colds" neglected—thousands of lives sacrificed every year. Dr. Wood's No. 1 Cough Syrup cures little colds—cures colds too, down to the very verge of consumption.

## LEGISLATURE.

## SENATE.

The Mann bill to regulate the sale of liquor in Virginia, which applies to counties and towns (in which there is no corporation), received a boom in the Senate yesterday. Practically every member of the Senate presented a petition in advocacy of the bill, some presenting three or four.

A communication from the House, announcing the passage of various measures was laid before the Senate. Among the documents was a resolution providing for committing all amendments to the code and all general bills to the Senate committees which have in charge the sections of the code bearing on the subject treated by the bill or amendment. A number of senators were on their feet in an instant, and the resolution was read a second time.

"It is simply a block to all legislation," exclaimed the members in unison. The Senate promptly tabled the resolution.

A communication was received from the attorney-general in reply to an inquiry by the Senate, informing the general assembly that commissioners of the revenue, if elected by the people, would have to be elected by the people of the county in which they were to serve, and not by the districts of the counties. The attorney-general said there was a doubt in the section, and said it would have to be passed upon by the supreme court, in order to be final.

The following bills were introduced and referred.

To amend and re-enact section 524 of the Code, in relation to fees of commissioners of the revenue.

To fix the time when contract for rent of land shall expire.

To make liens on real estate liable for taxes due prior to 1896. The law at present restricts priority to taxes occurring since 1896.

## HOUSE.

Mr. Newhouse introduced a bill appropriating \$50,000 for the completion of a fire-proof shell building, machinery, heating, plumbing, etc., etc., at the penitentiary. The bill was referred to the committee on finance.

A petition was presented in the House from the members of the bar of Clarke county praying that the salary of circuit judges of the State be fixed at \$2,500 per annum.

Bills were introduced: To amend the pension act for the relief of those barred by the property limit, yet who really own less than \$500 worth of property.

To regulate the business of junk dealers and to prevent the encouragement of theft. Violation as made a felony.

To provide for payment of scalps of hawks and owls out of the public funds of the State.

By Mr. Carr: For the relief of Mary White, deceased.

A bill was passed to amend and re-enact chapter 402 of the acts of assembly, session of 1901-02, entitled "an act to protect sheep and other stock in the counties of this State," approved March 29, 1902, and to amend the title thereof, so as to provide for imposing a license tax on dogs.

The House committee on counties, cities and towns yesterday directed favorable report on the following bills:

For the protection of game in this State.

To provide for the appointment of game wardens, their compensation, and to define their powers, duties and liabilities.

To prevent non-residents from hunting or killing game without a license; providing for such license, and regulating the shipment or transportation of game out of this State.

A compromise was the result of the caucus held last night by the democratic members of the legislature to decide on the method of choosing commissioners of the revenue. Only 71 members were present.

After adopting a resolution that no one should be bound by the action of the body, another resolution was adopted setting forth that it is the sense of the General Assembly that commissioners be elected by the people for the first term and thereafter appointed by the circuit judges. This probably means the passage of the bill providing for election by the people.

Two important papers bearing on the Campbell-Crawford cowhiding case to be investigated next week were received yesterday by Mr. R. G. Southall, chairman of the House committee on courts of justice, which will conduct the inquiry. One was a letter from Mr. Aubrey E. Strand, counsel for the prosecution, inclosing a supplement to the memorials presented in the case, containing additional charges and specifications of what is spoken of as the "official misconduct" of Judge Campbell. The other was a letter from Judge Campbell adding about fifty names to the list of witnesses he wished summoned, and he adds that he may from time to time make other additions. The committee has decided to summon only ten witnesses at first, and all of those are to be for the prosecution. This is done with a view to reducing the cost to the Commonwealth in connection with the investigation.

The charges and specifications embraced in the paper filed with the committee yesterday are of a sweeping and sensational character, though not altogether surprising, as there have been frequent intimations that the amended bill would cover the matters now treated.

The sub-committee of the House Committee on Roads has night completed the draft of the bill comprising the statutes supplementary to the corporation article of the Constitution, and designed to carry out its provisions. The document covers the entire subject in every detail, and provides for every contingency that may arise as far as may be foreseen. It provides for a chief clerk at a salary of \$1,500; a bailiff, at a salary of \$1,000, and a messenger at a salary of \$750. While the bill is the combined work of the sub-committee of five members, of which Mr. J. R. Caton, of Alexandria, is chairman, it is known that Mr. Caton is the chief draughtsman and architect of the bill, and that he has given a great deal of thought and study to it.

## A Scientific Discovery.

Kodol does for the stomach what which it is unable to do for itself, even when not slightly disordered or overloaded. Kodol supplies the natural juices of digestion and does the work of the stomach, relaxing the nervous tension, while the inflamed muscles of that organ are allowed to rest and heal. Kodol digests what you eat and enables the stomach and digestive organs to transform all food into rich, red blood. For sale by E. S. Leadbeater & Sons.

## TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

## From Richmond.

(Special dispatch to the Alexandria Gazette.) Richmond, Va., Jan. 10.—Mr. Caton offered a bill in the House to compel vehicles to carry lights after dark; the fine for violation is from five to twenty dollars.

A telephone bill was offered to compel the Bell Telephone Company to furnish connections to local companies at fair rates.

A resolution was introduced leading to the adoption of elaborate plans for the Capitol repairs.

The House passed a resolution for sessions at 4 p. m. next week to clear way for the Campbell investigation.

The House deferred to its engrossment a bill to elect commissioners of revenue in cities and counties by the people for one term and then, for commissioners to be appointed by the courts. The bill will be passed on Monday.

## Crusade Against Negro Officeholders.

New Orleans, Jan. 10.—A special from Jackson, Miss., says: "The crusade against negro federal officeholders is spreading in Mississippi. White people have served notice on the Postmaster at Jackson that the appointment of negro carriers on the star mail routes must be discontinued at once. A notice served on the Jackson postmaster was followed today by a similar warning being given the post-office authorities in Lincoln county, Miss. It appears that the postal officials have employed a negro to deliver the mail on a rural route in Lincoln county, and the white people have not only informed the inspector that the negro will not be permitted to perform the service, but that if the inspector takes sides with the negro like he did at Indianola, he will be treated to a dose of tar and feathers."

The New Orleans States, the official organ of the democratic party in the State of Louisiana and the city of New Orleans, warns President Roosevelt that the appointment of negroes to federal offices in the South will lead to bloodshed, and plainly notifies the President that the Southern people will not submit to negro rule.

## Killed Unknown Man.

Wheeling, W. Va., Jan. 10.—Conrad Haigmeir, an aged saloon keeper, shot and instantly killed a stranger in the place of business this morning. The stranger had been in the back room of the saloon all evening with his head bowed on the table, asleep. Haigmeir tried to arouse him and induce him to leave when the man sprang to his feet, struck Haigmeir with a chair, knocking him down and was kicking him when Haigmeir said he drew his gun and shot in self defense. The ball passed through the man's neck. Haigmeir called the police by telephone, and notified them of the shooting. He is in jail without bonds. The man he killed is unknown. On his person was a piece of paper with the name of P. Hayes, Pittsburg.

## Reunited.

Carleale, Ill., Jan. 10.—John Sawrey, of Wheeling, Mo., and Mrs. Robert Thompson, of Shobonier, Ills., were married Thursday at the home of the bride. Thirty years ago Sawrey left here, at a time when he was city marshal. He left his wife and one child, a boy, behind. Not a word was heard of him until a few days ago, when he returned to this locality. In the meantime his wife had obtained a divorce and married Robert Thompson, a prosperous farmer. He died a year ago. Thompson, and she recognized him instantly. He proposed marriage, but she refused him at first.

## A Mysterious Murder.

Riverhead, L. I., Jan. 10.—Louis A. Disbrow, charged with the murder of Clarence Foster and Sarah (Dimple) A. Lawrence, by drowning them in Tiana Bay, last June, is preparing himself today to stand trial for his life on Monday. The deaths of Foster and Miss Lawrence, whose bodies were found in Tiana Bay, it will be remembered, brought to light a sensational state of affairs.

## Nearly Wrecked by Dynamite.

Philadelphia, Jan. 10.—At 6 o'clock this morning a dynamite explosion nearly wrecked the Philadelphia House of Correction at Holmesburg. The inmates were panic stricken. Italians who were blasting at the incomplete Torresdale filtration plant, adjoining the prison, caused the explosion. Two were killed and many injured. The explosion was accidental.

## Orphanage Burned.

Asheville, N. C., Jan. 10.—Fire today at Montreal, eighteen miles from here destroyed the Belle Whalon orphanage. About thirty children were in the building at the time of the fire but all were rescued. The fire completely destroyed the building. A defective flue caused the conflagration.

## WANTED.

We would like to ask, through the columns of your paper, if there is any person who has used Green's August Flower for the cure of Indigestion, Dyspepsia, and Liver Troubles that has not been cured—and we also mean their results, such as sour stomach, fermentation of food, habitual constiveness, nervous dyspepsia, headaches, despondent feelings, sleeplessness—in fact, any trouble connected with the stomach or liver. This medicine has been sold for many years in all civilized countries, and we wish to correspond with you and send you one of our books free of cost. If you never tried August Flower, try a 25 cent bottle first. We have never known of its failing. If so, something more serious is the matter with you. The 25 cent size has just been introduced this year. Regular size 75 cents. For sale by E. S. Leadbeater & Sons.

G. G. Green, Woodbury, N. J. Washington Southern Railway—Change in schedule effective Sunday, January 11, 1903.

Southward—Leave Alexandria 11:02 a. m. daily, instead of 10:55 a. m., for Richmond and points on S. A. L. Ry.

Leaves 12:12 p. m. daily except Saturday, instead of 12:05 p. m., accommodation for Quantico.

Train 31, Seaboard Florida Limited leaving Washington 7:50 p. m. daily will not stop at Alexandria.

Leave Alexandria 9:08 p. m. daily; new train with through sleepers, for Richmond and points on S. A. L. Ry.

No other changes in southward trains. Northward—Leave Alexandria 9:34 a. m. daily for Washington and beyond; new train with through sleepers, from S. A. L. Ry. Train 34, Seaboard New York Limited, arriving Washington 10:10 a. m., will not stop at Alexandria.

Leave 11:45 a. m. Sunday only, instead of 11:40 a. m., for Washington and beyond. Leave 12:14 p. m. except Sunday, instead of 12:15 p. m., for Washington and beyond. No other changes in northbound trains. Jan 10 31

## FOREIGN NEWS.

The big plant of the McClary Manufacturing Co., at London, Ont., burned to the ground yesterday at a loss of \$300,000. A boy dropped a lighted match into the tank of oil.

Serious tax riots have occurred in north Portugal. Armed mobs are menacing the government offices, demanding reduction of the levies on them. Several buildings have been destroyed by fire and the tax collectors in several places narrowly escaped lynching by the mobs. Troops have been sent to the scenes of the disturbance.

M. Giron, the French tutor who eloped with Princess Louise, of Saxony, has been engaged as a staff writer for the Paris paper Gil Blas. The Gil Blas today passed into the hands of a new management, M. Perivier, formerly editor of Figaro, taking charge.

It is considered in official circles in Rome that the three allies will effect the Venezuelan trouble by practically entrusting its settlement fully to United States Minister Bowen. A dispatch from Berlin says official circles today say that Germany is willing to do everything possible to have the Venezuelan dispute settled at Washington. The newly appointed chargé d'affaires, at Washington, who will act as special German commissioner in the arbitration proceedings, has been delayed for a few days. He was to have started for Washington today.

The Salzburg papers today report that the family of Grand Duke Ferdinand, who accompanied his sister, the Crown Princess of Saxony, when she eloped with M. Giron, have agreed to pay him the lump sum of 3,000,000 kronen (about \$500,0